



Work Like Tomorrow.™

Kofax Power PDF Standard Quick Start Guide

KOFAX

CONTENTS

Executive summary	4
1. Creating PDF	5
– Create PDF files inside Power PDF	5
– Create a PDF file in Power PDF from multiple source files	5
– Create a PDF from Windows Explorer or desktop by drag-and-drop	5
– Create a PDF by combining all open documents	5
– Create a PDF from Windows Explorer by menu	5
– Create PDF from multiple files in Windows Explorer by menu	6
– Create PDF by printing from the source file's application	6
– Create PDF directly from the source file's application	6
– Create a PDF file from Create Assistant	7
– Create a PDF using a website URL	7
2. Converting PDF	8
– Convert whole PDF or XPS files inside Power PDF with Save As	8
– Convert PDF or XPS files inside Power PDF with page ranges	8
– Convert a selected page area in a PDF to an editable format	8
– Convert PDF or XPS files from the desktop	9
– Convert from PDF/XPS using Convert Assistant	9
3. Modifying documents	10
– Touch up text in the PDF	10
– Touch up images in the PDF	10
– Add text using the Typewriter tool	10
– Modify documents with Advanced Edit	11
– Comment a PDF	12
4. Forms	12
– Activate and submit static PDF forms	12
– Create new form fields	12
– Touch up existing PDF forms with form controls	13
– Create a new form from a blank PDF	13
– Export data from multiple forms	13
5. Security with passwords	14
– Apply a password to a document printed to PDF	14
– Set an open password for a document in Power PDF	15
– Remove passwords	15
– Set permissions and permission password for a document	15
– Create a password-based security scheme	16

6. Digital signatures	16
– Create your own Digital ID and send to Windows Certificate Store	17
– Export a Certificate and send to recipient	18
– Sign a document	18
– Save a Certificate to Trusted Identities	20
– Validate a signature and document integrity	20
7. Document assembly	20
– Open and use Page Assembly view with a single document	21
– Use Page Assembly view with multiple documents	21
– Preview pages to be added; renumber pages	21
– Add watermarks to specific pages	22
– More page editing operations	22
8. Collaboration	22
– Add comment text to a PDF page	22
– Add marking to text	23
– Insert items or markup text	23
– Open and use the comments panel	23
– Summarize comments from a document	24
– Migrate comments	24
9. Batch Processing	24
– Set up a sequence for batch processing	24
– Run a sequence	25
10. Customizing and Configuring Power PDF	26
– Change color skin	26
– View documents in separate tabs or windows	26



Executive Summary

Kofax Power PDF makes it easy for businesses to gain control over PDF workflows in every department and for every use with the ability to create, convert and assemble industry-standard PDF files with superior accuracy. It features the richest set of capabilities for collaborating and securely sharing PDF files with colleagues or customers. Power PDF is easy to install and customize for your business needs. It supports touch-enabled Windows® 10 devices so you can be productive on the go or in the office. It delivers performance and value as never before, freeing you from the compromises of other PDF applications.

This Quick Start Guide is an additional resource to help you get started with Power PDF. It will demonstrate how to accomplish the most used features of Power PDF with the fewest possible steps.



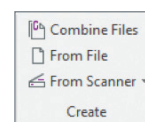
1. Creating PDF

Create PDF files inside Power PDF

Use **File > Open > Browse**, set **All Files** as file type and choose one or more non-PDF files whose types are supported by the program. Each file is converted to a separate PDF file.

Create a PDF file in Power PDF from multiple source files

1. On the **Home** tab, look for the options in the **Create** group.
2. Click **Combine Files**.
3. Click **Add** and select the files that you want to merge.
4. Click the **Start converting** button to create the PDF.



Create a PDF from Windows Explorer or desktop by drag-and-drop

Drag-and-drop one or more files onto the Power PDF icon. The program starts and creates one PDF file for each dragged document. The files can also be dragged onto an empty window in Power PDF. If files are dragged onto a window with a document, choose to have them attached to the PDF or used to place a stamp.

Create a PDF by combining all open documents

1. To combine all open documents from the **Home** panel, click **Combine All**.
2. The **Combine Files** dialog box appears with options to Add, Delete or Reorder the files that you want to combine.
3. Click the **Start converting** button to create the PDF.

Create a PDF from Windows Explorer by menu

1. Right-click on a suitable input file and choose **Create PDF from file** in the shortcut menu.
2. Choose a profile to be used.
3. If needed, click **Edit** to change settings for the profile to be used

The menu item below **Create PDF from file** shows the current saving option. The same procedure can be used for files on the desktop.

Create PDF from multiple files in Windows Explorer by menu

Select the files to be converted. Right-click the selection and view the Create PDF commands in the context menu.

- Choose **Create PDF from file** to have one PDF per input file.
- Choose **Combine files as one PDF** to generate just one PDF.
- Choose **Package files as one PDF** to place all generated PDFs into a package.
- Choose **Overlay files as one PDF** to have files combined into one set of PDF pages.

Choose a profile to be used from the sub-menu of the selected command. If needed, click **Edit** to change settings for the profile to be used. Combining, packaging and overlaying files are done via the Create Assistant.

Create PDF by printing from the source file's application

1. Open the source file in Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint or similar.
2. Choose **File > Print** and choose the printer **Kofax PDF**.
3. Click **Preferences** (or similar option) to check or change PDF creation choices.
4. Click **Print**.
5. Name the generated PDF file in the save dialog box that appears.

To transfer bookmarks, comments, tag structure, document description, links etc, prefer the following procedure.

Create PDF directly from the source file's application

1. Open the source file in Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint or similar
2. Open the Kofax PDF tab, then choose to modify creation settings or start PDF creation.
3. Click the Creation Settings button to define additional items to transfer. The following list relates to Microsoft Word (the range of settings available for Excel and PowerPoint differ):
 - **Bookmarks:** Check box in front off all bookmarks to be transferred.
 - **Links:** Define the appearance for links in the generated PDF.
 - **Comments:** Checkbox in front off all comments to be transferred.
 - **Tags:** Enable or disable transfer of tags to the PDF, including PDF/A accessibility.
 - **Advanced Settings:** Enable transfer of metadata and access further settings.



4. Click **OK** to confirm the settings.
5. Click the **Create PDF and E-mail** button to create and save the PDF and additionally attach it to a new mail message, or
Click the **Create PDF** button to create and save the PDF to a defined name and location.

These procedures function only if PDF Create remains integrated with the application.



Create a PDF file from Create Assistant

6. In Power PDF, select **File > New**, then click **From File**.
7. Choose **Create PDFs from multiple files**.
8. Use the **Add** button to compile a file list of source files.
9. Use the **Up** or **Down** buttons to modify the file order.
10. In the **Assembly** method drop-down list, choose to save files separately, or to combine, overlay or package them.
11. Choose a profile
12. If needed, click **Profiles** to view and modify its settings:
 - Choose a PDF version, font embedding, compression, security, watermark and more.
 - Click the relevant **Advanced** button to change settings for each item.
 - Click **OK** to confirm the settings.
13. Check current destinations settings. If needed, click the **Saving** button to modify them.
14. Click the **Start PDF Creation** button.

Create a PDF using a website URL

1. In Power PDF, select **File > New**, then click **From Web Page**.
2. Type or Copy and Paste the URL of the web page into the **URL** field.
3. Enter the number of levels you want Power PDF to traverse and add to the PDF, or choose to get all levels.
4. Specify whether or not you want Power PDF to stay on the same domain, or if it can also access other domains.
5. Click the **Settings** button to check the current settings and change the page size, margins and scaling if needed.



2. Converting PDF

PDF and XPS files can be converted to a wide range of editable formats in the following ways.

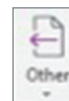
Convert whole PDF or XPS files inside Power PDF with Save As

1. Use **File > Save As > Browse** and choose the desired file type.
2. Accept or modify the file name and browse to the desired folder.
3. Optionally click **Settings** to view or modify conversion settings.
4. Click **Save**.

This conversion method converts all pages of the PDF document. To convert a page range or selected pages, use the following procedure. If image-only pages or areas containing text are found, Optical Character Recognition (OCR) is used to generate editable text.

Convert PDF or XPS files inside Power PDF with page ranges

1. On the **Home** tab, locate the **Convert** options and click **Other**.
2. Choose a target application or file type from the context menu.
3. Choose whole document, current page, set a range or define selected pages.
4. Choose whether to store the exported file in a Document Management System or not.
5. Click **Settings** to access further settings for the export.
6. Click **OK** then define an output location and file name.



The range of available settings depends on the chosen output target.

Convert a selected page area in a PDF to an editable format

1. Click on **Advanced Processing > Export > Export Area**.
2. Use the cursor shape to draw a rectangle on the page.
3. Define a file type, an output location and filename.



This is useful to save just one article from a magazine page or just one table to Excel or the contents for just one slide in PowerPoint.

Convert PDF or XPS files from the desktop

1. Right-click on a single PDF or XPS file on the desktop.
2. Click **Convert PDF/XPS** in the shortcut menu.
3. Choose a target file type or choose **Using Convert Assistant** (see below)
4. When a file type is chosen, conversion starts immediately.
5. The converted document appears in the target application.
6. Save it using **Save As**. Do not use **Save**, and do not close it without using **Save As**.

Convert from PDF/XPS using Convert Assistant

1. Click the **Convert Assistant** tool under **Advanced Processing > Batch** with the PDF or XPS file already open in Power PDF.
2. Choose to convert the whole document, the current page only, a page range or selected pages and click **OK**.
3. The Convert Assistant opens in Full view.
4. Click the **Open** tool or use the **File** menu to add more documents.
5. Files are added in the list on the right.
6. Click the **Show Preview** tool to see a preview of the first page of a single selected document.
7. Use items in the **File** menu or the tools above the file list to remove or rearrange files.
8. Use the controls at the base of the **Preview** window to view further pages in the currently selected document and if desired define page ranges for added documents.
9. Click the **Mode** tool to choose a conversion mode for the currently selected document.
10. Click the **Output** tool to define the target application for the currently selected document.
11. Click the **Convert Selected** tool to convert just the selected document(s). Click the **Convert All** tool to convert all documents in the list, one after the other.



Different documents can have different conversion types and targets and page range settings. The **Mode** choices are **Standard**, **Spreadsheet**, **Form** and **Legal**. The tool's appearance shows which mode is currently set. Similarly, the appearance of the **Output** tool shows the current target application (Word, WordPerfect, Excel, PowerPoint, Rich Text Format (RTF)).



Remember to use **Save As** to save documents displayed in their target applications.



3. Modifying Documents

Touch up text in the PDF

This editing method is designed for making relatively small text modifications. For more major changes, use the source file if you have it and generate a new PDF, or use Advanced Edit (see below).

1. Click **Edit > Modify > Edit Text**.
2. Click in the text to be modified.
3. A frame appears defining the text boundaries – this may be a line or a paragraph.
4. Relevant text editing settings will appear in the top ribbon.
5. Click at the change location for an editing cursor and make the required changes.
6. Optionally, use **Edit > Select All**, to select all text in the frame.
7. To finish editing, click the **Hand** tool at the top of the Panel bar, or click the **Close** button in the **Text Format** context ribbon.



Text in image-only pages or areas cannot be modified until they have been made searchable. Do this at **Home > Convert > Make PDF Searchable**. Sometimes Power PDF must substitute a similar font if it does not have access to the font used in the document or it may be unable to find a suitable font at all.

PDF files with password protection specifying No Modification cannot be edited in this way.



Touch up images in the PDF

These images can be inserted pictures, watermarks or Clip Art.

1. Use **Edit > Modify > Edit Object**.
2. Click in the image to be modified.
3. A frame appears defining the image boundaries.
4. Resize this frame if necessary.
5. Use the tools in the **Object > Tools** tab to make further changes to the selected image.



The Edit Object tool can also be used to import images. To do so, choose **Place Image** in the toolbar.

PDF files with password protection specifying No modification cannot be edited in this way.

Add text using the Typewriter tool

1. Use **Edit > Modify > Typewriter**.
2. Click at the location you want to add text.
3. Type or paste the desired text – its properties (color, font, size) are the values currently set.



4. Text is automatically spell checked if this is enabled under **File > Options > Spell Check**.
5. To modify the text later click the **Typewriter** tool and double-click in the frame for an editing cursor.
6. To change text properties for selected text, use the desired tools in the **TypeWriter Format** context ribbon.
7. Make choices and click the **Hand** tool to have the changes applied without changing the default values.
8. To change the default properties for the **Typewriter** tool, click **Set > Set Default** in the **TypeWriter Format** context ribbon and confirm your choice.

The newly added text remains editable with the **Typewriter** tool or the **Edit Text** tool.

Modify documents with Advanced Edit

This process involves transforming the file using the Convert component of the program to generate fully editable text. After editing is finished the modified document is reconverted to PDF.

PDF files with password protection specifying No modification cannot be edited in this way.

We recommend you save the PDF before using Advanced Edit and work with a copy, since the conversion process may not be able to fully handle pages with complex layouts. This applies mainly to Image-only and Searchable PDF, since the conversion must use Optical Character Recognition (OCR). The conversion also removes tags and layers.

1. Open the document in Power PDF, if it has image-only parts or pages, first make them searchable under **Home > Convert > Make PDF Searchable**.
2. Click **Edit > Convert > Convert to Editable**.
3. Specify conversion type: as a document or as a form, then click **Convert** to confirm your wish to make the document editable.
4. The document remains in Power PDF, but it can now be edited freely.
5. Before starting, check that the layout and text content are acceptable.
6. Use the **Home** ribbon in Advanced Edit to modify text, paragraphs, alignment and page layout.
7. Use the **Insert** ribbon to place page, section and column breaks, insert pictures, create links, add symbols, tables, headers and footers.
8. Use the **View** ribbon to set page display options, set split views and more.
9. Use the **Track** ribbon to set revision marking, accept or reject changes and set marking options.
10. When the document is ready, choose **Home > Close > Close Advanced Editor**. In the dialog that appears, check the Finalize box, then click **OK**. The document returns to **Review** mode with all changes confirmed.



Comment a PDF

Adding comments to a PDF file does not change the basic content of the PDF file. Commenting and document markup are covered in Quick Start Guide section 8.



4. Forms

Activate and submit static PDF forms

You may receive PDF forms that are image-only; these cannot be immediately filled out electronically. The following procedure details activating a form for filling out as well as sharing.

1. Scan or open the form, converting to PDF if required.
2. Click the **Form Typer** tool under **Forms > Fillable Forms** to have form controls detected, activated and labeled.
3. Post-edit the form if necessary, moving, adding or deleting fields. Auto detection finds only text boxes and checkboxes. Manually add other form control types (see below).
4. Click the **Hand** tool, then fill the form.
5. To resend the completed form, do one of the following:
 - Send the filled form as a PDF.
 - Print the form and its contents, and send the printed form.
 - Print only your responses onto the blank physical form and resend that.



As an alternative, you can convert a static PDF form to an active Word form using **Form** mode in PDF Convert— post-edit and fill the form in Microsoft Word and send that, electronically or physically.

Do not use Form Typer with forms already containing XFA form controls.

Create new form fields

1. Open the **Forms** tab and choose the desired tool from the **Form Elements** group.
2. Drag the cursor to create a form field of the required size.
3. The relevant form field properties dialog box appears.
4. Select desired properties and click **Close**.

The properties available depend on the form field type.

Touch up existing PDF forms with form controls

Select the one or more form fields you want to resize.

- To resize the fields by dragging, select the form tool that was used to create the form field, and then drag any border handle on the field. Press **Shift** to keep the current field's aspect ratio.
- To resize the fields by one pixel, press the **Ctrl+Arrow** key; to resize the fields by 10 pixels, press **Ctrl+Shift+Arrow**.
- To resize a group of form fields to have the same width, height, or area of a particular form field, select the fields to be changed; then right-click over the field that has the dimension you want and choose **Height**, **Width**, or **Both** under **Size** in the shortcut menu.
- To delete a form field right-click in it and choose **Edit > Delete** from the context menu, or select a field and press **Delete**.

Create a new form from a blank PDF

1. Choose **File > New > Blank PDF**, or press **CTRL+N**. The newly created document opens in **Advanced Edit** mode.
2. If desired, enter a heading and some introductory text for your form, then click **Home > Close > Close Advanced Editor** to show your document in **Review** mode.
3. Draw form elements on the page with the form tools under **Forms > Form Elements**.
4. Add static texts using text boxes.
5. When the form is ready, save the PDF file.
6. Choose the **Hand** tool if you want to fill the form you have created.

Export data from multiple forms

For efficient export, all forms should have the same set of field names. Multi-page forms can be processed. One PDF file per form is recommended, but a single PDF containing a set of assembled forms is also acceptable, providing the form field sets are identical. If there are field differences between forms, all non-identical field names generate columns in the output table. All fields in the resulting table have a generic cell type that accepts any input — use your spreadsheet program to set other cell types (e.g. date, currency, numbers only).

1. Choose **Forms > Data > Import/Export Data > Export Data From Multiple Forms**.
2. Click **Add Files** and select the desired files from a folder.
3. Select the checkmark **Include most recent list of files to export from** to have all the forms from the last exporting session added to the list.
4. Click **Export**, specify the output folder, file name and type (CSV or XML) and click **Save**.
5. Use **Save As** and choose a suitable file type (e.g. Excel Worksheet). If you do not do this, the file remains in the CSV or XML format.





5. Security with Passwords

A PDF file can be secured in a number of ways. This guide details the use of passwords and digital signatures. Passwords have two types: **Open Passwords** and **Permissions Passwords**.

Apply a password to a document printed to PDF

An editable document in a range of applications can become password-protected when it is printed to PDF. There are three possible password choices:

Open Password only

Set this to ensure that only people with this password can open the document. Once opened, the PDF can be modified, printed or copied freely.

Permissions Password only

Set this to ensure that only people with this password can change its security settings. Anyone can open the document, but the permitted and prohibited actions are set when the permissions password is created.

Open and Permissions Passwords

Set this to ensure that only people with either password can open the document, and only those with the permissions password can change its security settings.

Here is how to apply one or both passwords when printing a document to PDF:

1. Prepare a document in Word, Excel, PowerPoint or similar application.
2. Choose **File > Print** and select the printer **Kofax PDF**.
3. Click the link **Printer Properties** (or similar option).
4. Make settings under the tab **General** as desired.
5. Open the tab **PDF Settings**, make settings as desired.
6. Go to the **Security** list box and choose a security control from the list.
7. Enter an **Open Password** and/or a **Permissions Password** and set the authorized actions.
8. Click **OK** to set the security and passwords for the current document.

To create a new security control, choose the desired settings and passwords and click **New**. Name the control. This will now appear among the other security controls. The settings for any security control can be modified, but if they differ from the control name description, the changed control should be saved to a relevant name using **New**.

Printing to PDF allows encryption at 40-bit or 128-bit levels. For 256-bit encryption, select **PDF 1.7** as PDF version in the **Compatible with** drop-down list before choosing the encryption level.

When you use Create Assistant to make a PDF you can apply passwords and define the range of permitted and prohibited actions. The Create Assistant can be accessed via the Windows **Start** menu, or from buttons in the **Kofax** ribbon in a range of applications. This can also be done in Power PDF, as described in the following topics.

Set an open password for a document in Power PDF



1. Open the **Security** tab with the document already open.
2. Click **Security > Manage Security > Modify**.
3. Click the **Security Method** drop down menu and select **Password Security**.
4. Check **Allow document opening only by password**.
5. Enter the desired password.
6. Click **OK** to confirm the password.
7. From now on anyone trying to open this PDF document must supply the password, including the person who set the password.

Remove passwords

If a document is only protected by an Open Password that you know (no Permissions Password set), you can remove the Open Password. To do so:

1. Open the document by providing the Open Password.
2. Go to **Security > Manage Security > Modify**, set the **Security Method** drop-down list to **No Security**, then save and close the document.

Similarly, if you have the Permissions Password and have opened a document with no Open Password set, you can remove the Permissions Password in the same way.

If a document is protected by both an Open and a Permissions Password, you must supply either password to open the document and the Permissions Password to choose **No Security**.

Note: If prohibitions were set using Certificate security (that is via digital signatures), they cannot be removed by removing a password.

Set permissions and permission password for a document

This procedure produces a document that cannot be modified, copied or accessed by screen readers or similar.

1. Open the **Security** tab with the document already open.
2. Click **Manage Security > Modify**.
3. In **Security Method** drop-down list, select **Password Security**.
4. Under **Permissions**, check the box **Set a permissions password to restrict editing of security settings**.
5. Select the desired permission security settings from the drop down menus.
6. Enter the desired password.
7. Confirm the desired password.
8. From now on anyone opening this PDF document without the **Permissions Password** can no longer change or copy it.

Create a password-based security scheme

Power PDF allows you to create and store Security Schemes – some for Password Security, others for Certificate Security. Schemes are created and managed in the **Security** panel (called from the Panel bar by the **Security** tool).

If you do not see this tool, right-click in an empty area of the Panel bar and select it.



The **Security** panel shows all security schemes currently available in your system. The predefined schemes are accessed by clicking the headings **Interactive**, **Privacy** and **No Modification**. Custom-created schemes are grouped under different categories.

To Managing Security Schemes

Click the **Security Scheme Option** button to choose an active item from the drop-down menu.

1. **Apply Security Scheme:** Apply a selected scheme to the current PDF document, or double-click a scheme, or drag it into the PDF document. If you choose this with no scheme saved, you are invited to create a scheme.
2. **Create Security Scheme:** Create a Password or Certificate Security Scheme of your own. You may also click the **Create Security Scheme** button at the top of the panel.
3. **Delete Security Scheme:** Delete the selected custom-created security scheme. You may also click the **Delete Security Scheme** button at the top of the panel, or right-click a custom-created scheme and choose this action or select it and press **Delete**. Confirm deletion by clicking **OK**. Predefined security schemes cannot be deleted.
4. **Copy Security Scheme:** Create a new security scheme based on an existing one. Certificate type security schemes cannot be copied.
5. **Edit Security Scheme:** Change the properties of the selected custom-created security scheme. Predefined security schemes cannot be edited.

6. Digital Signatures

Use of digital IDs provides a higher level of protection than passwords, since you must send the password(s) to trusted recipients, and such messages can be intercepted.

A Digital ID is a file pair on your computer that identifies you to other users; typically it is used for online financial transactions, sending secure emails and protecting PDF files.

Digital IDs are managed by an industry standard – the public key infrastructure. This is a set of people, policies, procedures, hardware and software used in creating, distributing, managing, revoking and using the digital IDs. The file pair in a digital ID are a public key and a private key. Digital IDs are stored inside certificate files of which there are two types:

The private Digital ID file contains both your private and your public keys. It must be stored securely and not shared. Typically it is password protected. Its extension is often pfx; others are possible. Such files must be imported into Power PDF under **Security > IDs and Certificates > Manage Digital Identities**.

The public ID file contains only your public key plus associated data. Common extensions are .p7b, p7c or .cer. This file typically contains:

- Your public key
- Your name and e-mail address
- Expiration date of the key pair
- Serial number of the Digital ID

If the Digital ID was obtained from a Certification Authority (CA), the public ID contains information about that CA.

Digital IDs are used in the following cases:

Signed documents

A signature using a Digital ID lets the recipient know the e-mail or PDF file is from you and lets them check that no changes have been made since the signature was applied. If there are changes, the recipient can see what changed.

Signed and Certified Documents

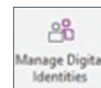
A certified document works the same way, but restrictions on use can be set. With signed and certified documents only the signature is encrypted, not the PDF contents. See the Help topics: *Sign/Certify panel and Signing and Certifying Documents*.

Create your own Digital ID and send to Windows Certificate Store

Digital ID's can be created by Power PDF when you create a self-signed certificate, or they can be issued by Certificate Authorities (CA). See the Help topic: *Certificates Overview*.

To create a self-signed Digital ID

1. Select **Security > IDs and Certificates > Manage Digital Identities**.
2. Click **Add ID** in the **Security Settings** dialog box.
3. In the **Add Digital ID** dialog box, select the **Create a Self-Signed Digital ID** option and click **Next**.
4. Select **New Digital ID File** and click **Next**.
5. In the **Create a Self-Signed Digital ID** dialog box, type in at least your name and email address, and select a country under **User Attributes**.
6. Type in a password (at least 6 characters), confirm it, and then click **OK**.
7. Specify a location and a name for your Digital ID file in the Save As dialog box and click **Save**.



The newly created self-signed certificate will be added to the **Digital ID Files** list that appears in the **Security Settings** dialog box (called from **Security > ID's and Certificates > Manage Digital IDs**). Files purchased from a CA or self-created in a different application must be imported by clicking **Add ID**.

Export a Certificate and send to recipient

Once you have created a digital ID in Power PDF or imported one, you can use it to generate a public key to send to people you trust or need to trust. For the latter (e.g. people in your organization that you do not know personally) using a Certification Authority is preferable – the CA acts as a neutral third-party. For people you trust and know, a self-signed certificate is usually enough.

To generate a public key from an ID file.

1. Go to **Security > IDs and Certificates > Manage Digital Identities** and choose the private ID file you want to use and click **Export Certificate**.
2. Choose whether to save this public key to your local computer or use it to e-mail the file to one or more recipients.
3. If you chose to save the file to your local machine, specify a name and location. You can later retrieve the file and send it to trusted contacts.
4. If you chose to email the file to one or more contacts, enter an e-mail address. In the case of multiple addresses, use the syntax required by your default e-mail client. Click **E-Mail**.
5. The file is attached to an e-mail in your default browser with a message generated by Power PDF that explains how to save and use the file.
6. Modify this text and/or add other messages as desired, then send the e-mail.

You can send this public ID file to anyone you trust or need to trust and want to be able to verify your signatures and also send you protected PDF files. Sending this ID file is safe because it cannot be used or misused without the corresponding private key.

Sign a document

Applying a digital signature to a document allows a recipient to verify that you were the person who signed the document, and if any changes were made after the signature is applied, the recipient can request a display of those changes. To sign using the built-in tools, see below.

To sign an open document with an invisible signature

1. Click the **Sign** tool at **Security > Sign and Certify > Sign**.
2. Click the arrow for a drop-down list and choose **Sign Document**.
3. Click with the pen cursor and click in the page at a location for the signature.
4. A dialog box appears. Click **Continue** to create an invisible signature.



5. In the **Sign Document** dialog box, select a Digital ID from the list or click **Add** to create a new one or browse for an existing one.
6. Confirm the password if the signature scheme includes password protection.
7. When a recipient opens the file, a bubble message informs the document is signed, but the signature will not be visible. The public key will be needed to verify the signature

**To sign an open document with a visible signature
(using the Sign tool cursor)**

1. Click the **Sign** tool at **Security > Sign and Certify**.
2. Click the arrow for a drop-down list and choose **Sign Document**.
3. Click on the page and draw a box big enough to accept a signature.
4. If the box is not big enough for the signature to appear legibly, a dialog box appears. Click **Start Over** and draw a box big enough to accept your visible signature.
5. In the **Sign Document** dialog box, select a Digital ID or create or browse for one.
6. Confirm the password if the signature scheme includes password protection.
7. When a recipient opens the file, a bubble message informs that the document is signed and the signature will be visible.



To sign and certify an open document

1. Click the **Certify** tool at **Security > Sign and Certify**.
2. Click the arrow for a drop-down list and choose **Certify Document** or **Certify Document Invisibly**.
3. For a visible signature click, with the pen cursor and click in the page at a location for the signature.
4. The **Certify Document** dialog box appears and offers your default signature. Click **Add** to specify a different one. Confirm your password if required.
5. Define the permitted range of actions for the file. Optionally add a timestamp. Click **Next**.
6. The next panel displays the appearance of the chosen signature. If you have custom appearances saved, you can select a preferred one.
7. Click **Edit** to modify the signature appearance or **New** to create a new one.
8. When ready, click **Save** or **Save As** to save the signature appearance and place the signature in the document



If you choose "Certify Document Invisibly," skip step 3 and move directly to the Certify Document dialog box.

Save a Certificate to Trusted Identities

You will do this if an individual or Certificate Authority (CA) sends you a certificate file containing a public key. A recipient of such a file from you must also do this.

To save a certificate so the sender becomes trusted

1. Save the certificate file containing a public key to a useful location.
2. Open Power PDF, choose **Trusted Identities** in the **IDs and Certificates** group in the **Security** ribbon.
3. Browse for the file and select it. View its properties, sender and expiry date. Click **Details** for more information.
4. If you want to always trust certificates from the same source, select the file and click **Set as Trusted Root**. If you do this the column **Trust** confirms this.
5. If you have many trusted identities, the **Search** button helps you navigate in them.



See the Help topic: *Manage Trusted Identities*.

Validate a signature and document integrity

To verify a signature

1. Open a PDF document containing a digital signature.
2. Right-click a signature on the page and then select **Verify Signature** from the shortcut menu. The **Validation Status** information box shows the results. If all is in order, it states that the document content has not been changed since signing, the signer's identity is valid and the signer's certificate has not been revoked.
3. Click **Properties** for more information about the signature. If the Validity Status is **Unknown**, you will have to verify the signature by contacting the signer.
4. Click **Verify Identity** to see if the user has entered contact information. If so, you can confirm the signature's origin by matching certificate numbers. If there is no contact information for a known signer, use alternate means to verify the signature.



7. Document Assembly

This view displays multiple pages at reduced size, to assist page operations within or between documents. Here pages are just reduced in size, not rendered as static thumbnails, so many page editing functions remain available.

Open and use Page Assembly view with a single document

1. Choose **Home > Assemble > Document Assembly** to see the set of pages in the current document each with a page number bar below it.
2. Use the **Zoom** tools in the **View** tab to resize the displays.
3. To move a single page, select it, click its number and drag it to the drop point until the red insertion bar indicates the desired location.
4. To move a set of pages, select them and click the number bar of any selected page. Use drag-and-drop as described above.
5. To copy one or more pages, proceed as above with the **Ctrl** key held down.
6. Click the **Document Assembly** tool again to leave **Assembly** view.



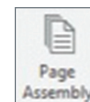
Use Page Assembly view with multiple documents

1. Choose **Home > Assemble > Document Assembly** to see the set of pages for all currently opened documents; each page has a number bar below it.
2. All documents subsequently opened while Document Assembly is set are displayed similarly in their own program window.
3. Resize document windows to make cross-document actions easier to perform.
4. Right-click on a page for a shortcut menu of operations. Use this shortcut menu to insert pages from other files, replace, extract or delete pages, split the document and more.
5. Copying or moving pages between documents displayed in separate program windows can be done using the number bars and using drag-and-drop between document windows.
6. Click the **Document Assembly** tool again to leave **Assembly** view.

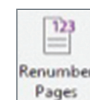
Preview pages to be added; renumber pages

When Document Assembly is set, two further tools appear:

Page Assembly: Select a set of source files for document assembly—these do not need to be PDF files. Each opened document is presented in a separate tab. Page thumbnails let you view each document to decide which pages are needed. Select, drag and drop pages into the target PDF. Conversion to PDF is done when necessary and may take some time.



Renumber Pages: this updates auto-generated header and footer page numbering to the new page order built up in Document Assembly view. This tool becomes active only for documents with auto-numbering.



Add watermarks to specific pages

The Create Assistant and the Kofax PDF printer both allow you to add watermarks as PDF files are created; the **Watermarks** panel in Power PDF allows a watermark to be added to the current or selected pages. This operation can also be done in **Document Assembly** view, which provides more flexibility:

1. Enter **Document Assembly** mode for each of the documents you want to add watermarks to.
2. Click the **Watermarks** tool in the panel bar to open the **Watermarks** panel. (If this tool is not visible, right-click the panel bar and select it). This lets you see your set of watermarks along with views of document pages.
3. Use drag-and-drop to place watermarks on the desired pages.



More page editing operations

Some page editing operations can be done in **Document Assembly** view that cannot be done with the **Pages** panel. These include:

- Use the **Select** tool to copy a selection to Clipboard for pasting to editable documents outside the program, or into notes, text boxes or callouts in other pages or documents.
- Use the **Select** tool to copy a text selection for pasting onto a **Typewriter** tool cursor. This allows you to copy and paste real PDF text from one PDF page to another, even in other documents. On saving the target PDF, pasted text becomes part of the document.
- Use the **Edit Text** tool to modify page content.
- Use the **Comments** tools to add notes, text boxes, drawing elements or mark up texts.
- Use tools from the **Edit > Insert** to add text, sounds, movies or 3D objects to the PDF.

An alternative to **Document Assembly** is to use Create Assistant to combine files of different types—editable text documents and image files—into a single PDF.

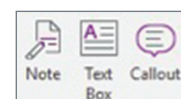


8. Collaboration

The **Comment** ribbon provides an array of tools for collaborative reviewing and commenting of documents. These annotations do not become an integral part of the PDF, but can be replied to, commented and managed. Later in this section you'll learn how to edit and comment on PDF documents in real time with another user on your LAN (local area network).

Add comment text to a PDF page

Add a note, add a text box, add a callout.



Note (Comment > Annotate): Click the tool, click a location on a page, and enter text. It appears as simple text without attributes (bold, italic, coloring etc.). Finalized and closed notes are shrunk to an icon (the default icon is used); click it to open the note. Right-click and choose **Properties** to change the color or the icon appearance and more.

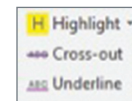
Text Box (Comment > Annotate): Click the tool, then drag a rectangle, and enter text. The box expands vertically to accept longer texts. Default properties are set under **File > Options > Comment**. Text attributes can be accepted. Text box contents remain visible; text boxes are not shrunk.

Callout (Comment > Annotate): Functions as a text box, but the box has an arrow that can be directed to a precise location in the PDF text.

Add marking to text

Highlight a text or an area, cross-out or underline selected text.

Highlight (Comment > Markup): Select to highlight text or an area. Then select text or drag to define an area. Right click on the highlight and choose **Properties** to change the highlight color and its opacity.



Cross-out and Underline (Comment > Markup): Click the desired button then make a text selection. Right-click and choose **Properties** to change the color or appearance.

Insert items or markup text

You can use drawing and active markup tools, and insert stamps.

Draw Tools (Comment > Markup): click the tool, select a drawing object from the drop-down list and drag to define the location for the object. A note is attached to the object. Double click the object to reopen the note. With closed shapes (rectangles, ovals, polygons, clouds) any text within the shape is copied into the note – edit this as desired.



Active Markup (Comment > Markup): Click this to have all text changes marked: inserted or deleted text, changes to text attributes etc.



Stamp (Panel bar): Opens the **Stamp** panel so a supplied or customized stamp can be added to the page. It functions as a comment so it can take a note and be managed in the **Comments** panel (see below).



Open and use the comments panel

Click the **Comments** panel to open this panel along the side of the document window. By default it lists all comments, which can be filtered, reordered by various criteria, searched and replied to. A review or migration status can be set for each comment using the comment options at the top of the panel.



Summarize comments from a document

1. Click the **Options** tool on the right of the **Comments** panel toolbar.
2. Choose **Create Comment Summary** from the dropdown menu.
3. Choose a presentation type (comments only, comments plus document with three display options).
4. Set a page size, font size, comment type (default is **All Comments**), a sorting order and linking line color.
5. Click **OK** to see and optionally save the summary or **Print Comment Summary** to receive it on paper.



Migrate comments

This serves to migrate a set of comments from an earlier state of a document into the latest version.

1. Open the latest version of the file and also the source file; make the latest version the current document.
2. Open the **Comments** panel, click the **Options** tool and choose **Migrate Comments**.
3. Define the source file whose comments should be migrated to the current document. All currently open documents are listed. Choose the appropriate one.
4. Choose whether to display all migrated comments or only unconfirmed ones. The comment list is automatically filtered to show only migrated comments: any comments that existed in the target document become hidden.
5. Review the list of migrated comments and choose which to accept and which to reject.
6. To confirm a migrated comment, right-click it and choose **Set Status > Migration > Confirmed**. That comment disappears from the list and the document. If all migrated comments are confirmed, the comment list will be empty.
7. Click the **Filter comments** tool in the **Comments** panel toolbar and select **Show by Status > All Status** to make all comments in the target document visible and listed.



9. Batch Processing

Set up a sequence for batch processing

Define a set of commands for use with files you receive that all need similar treatment – for instance conversion to PDF files that are searchable with the addition of a watermark.

1. Choose **Advanced Processing > Batch > Sequencer**.
2. Select **New Sequence** in the dialog box that appears.



3. Name the sequence, then in the **Edit Workflow** dialog box click item 1: **Select Commands**.
4. Choose commands for the sequence in the **Edit Sequence** dialog box. Click **Add**, **Remove**, **Move Up** or **Move Down** to finalize the list.
5. Select each command in turn and click **Edit** to make a selection, e.g. to choose a watermark or stamp or to select pages to be inserted. Only two commands take no further choices.
6. Choose under item 2 how you will specify the files to be processed when the sequence is run:
 - This can be pre-selected files or folders – browse to make the selection.
 - Choose **Ask When Sequence is Run** to specify the input whenever the sequence is activated.
 - Choose **All Open Files** to apply the processing to all files currently open in the program. These files remain in place as PDF files, waiting to be saved with their batch processing modifications.
7. Select an output location under item 3, along with options for file naming, file type and whether saved PDF files should be optimized for fast web viewing or not. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
8. Recheck all settings, then click **OK** in the **Edit Workflow** dialog box so the sequence is saved.

Sequence commands or settings can be modified later. Open the **Sequences** dialog box, choose a sequence and click **Edit Sequence**.

Run a sequence

1. Choose **Advanced Processing > Batch > Sequencer**. The **Sequences** dialog box shows all available sequences.
2. Choose one and click **Run Sequence**. The **Confirm Running Sequence** dialog box lets you review and approve the sequence input and output settings and the commands. With predefined output, be sure to note where results will be stored. Click **OK** to continue.
3. Specify input files if you requested run-time prompting. If the settings for any commands were undefined or any command could not be performed, you are warned.
4. Specify output information if you requested run-time prompting.
5. If the sequence was run successfully the result is delivered without any further interaction.

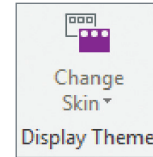
Do not apply batch processing to packages or portfolios, the processing would only be applied to the cover sheet. Please unpack files before batch processing them.



10. Customizing and Configuring Power PDF

Change color skin

1. To change the color scheme, select the **View** tab on the top ribbon and then select the **Change Skin** dropdown to display choices.
2. Save your work and then close and re-open Power PDF for the changes to take effect.



View documents in separate tabs or windows

1. To have documents open in their own separate Power PDF window versus a separate tab, first click **File**, then **Options**.
2. Select **General**, and then uncheck the **Open documents as new tabs within the same window** option.
3. Save your work and then close and re-open Power PDF for the changes to take effect.

Work Like Tomorrow.™

KOFAX

kofax.com

© 2019 Kofax. Kofax and the Kofax logo are trademarks of Kofax, registered in the United States and/or other countries. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

